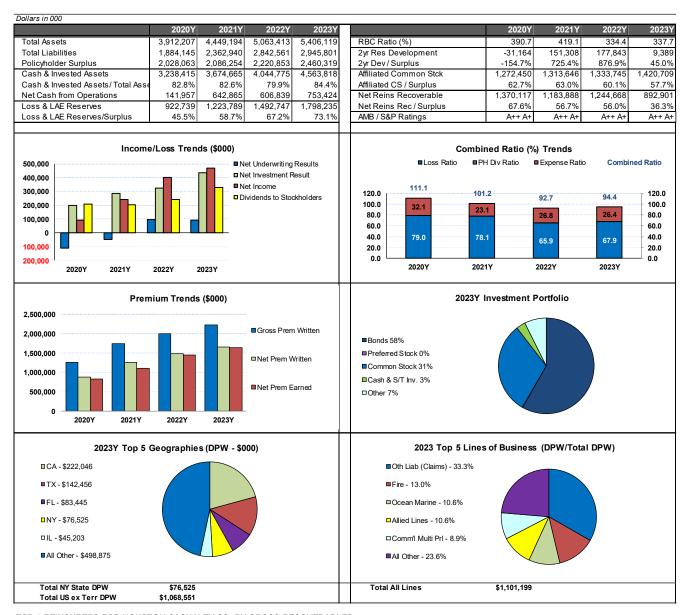


HOUSTON CASUALTY COMPANY, NAIC #42374 PARENT – Tokio Marine Holdings, Inc



TOP 5 REINSURERS FOR HOUSTON CASUALTY CO. BY GROSS RECOVERABLES PERIOD: 2023Y

Dollars in 000				
Reinsurer	Reinsurance Class	Reins Authorized Status	Gross Recov	Over 120 Days Overdue
1 - Münchener Rückversicherungs-Gesellschaft Aktiengesellschaft in München	Non-US Unaffiliated	Unauthorized	103,452	2,302
2 - QBE Reinsurance Corporation	US Unaffiliated	Authorized	59,742	0
3 - Houston Reinsurance Company Limited	Non-US Affiliated Non-captive	Unauthorized	58,750	0
4 - Hannover Rück SE	Non-US Unaffiliated	Mixed Filing	56,454	1,860
5 - Sw iss Reinsurance America Corporation	US Unaffiliated	Authorized	52,631	-16

Important Information Regarding Financial Summaries

This financial summary contains information helpful to New York excess lines brokers in meeting their non-delegable duty to use "due care" in the selection of a financially secure excess line insurer. Definitions of the financial terms used in the summaries appear as pop-up boxes when hovering your mouse over the corresponding text. For additional guidance on assessing insurance company financial statements, please reference "ELANY COMPLIANCE ADVISOR: FUNDAMENTALS OF INSURANCE COMPANY FINANCIAL ANALYSIS".

The Excess Line Association of New York has compiled the insurance company financial information from the Annual Statutory Financial Statements. All ratios, charts, and graphs are based on the compiled information. We have made every effort to ensure all information transcribed for these pages is correct. However, the Excess Line Association of New York cannot attest to the accuracy of data provided by its sources, nor do we make any warranties, either expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or completeness of information presented in this document. We assume no responsibility for loss or damage resulting from the use of this information.

E&S INSURER FINANCIAL SUMMARY – HOLDING COMPANY

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ULTIMATE PARENT – Tokio Marine Holdings, Inc

Corporate Profile		Financial Stren	gth Ratings
Address:	Tokio Marine Holdings, Inc.	S&P Global:	-
	Tokiw abashi Tow er	Moody's:	#OUTSIDE SUBSCRIPTION
	Tokyo, -, -	Fitch:	-
		AM Best - P&C:	-
Website:	www.tokiomarinehd.com		
President :	Satoru Komiya		
Ticker Symbol:	TSE: 8766		
SEC Filing:	NA		

Highlights (\$000)	2020Y	2021Y	2022Y	2023Y
Total Assets	25,253,966	25,765,368	27,245,852	27,699,816
Total Policy Reserves	17,222,596	18,020,554	19,246,028	20,807,869
Total Debt	1,990,714	1,839,648	1,477,056	784,135
Total Other Liabilities	2,372,194	1,859,243	2,015,005	2,186,048
Sep Account Liabilities	123,242	168,341	192,942	211,546
Total Liabilities	21,827,291	22,042,587	23,173,226	24,041,966
Total Equity	3,426,675	3,722,780	4,072,625	3,657,849
Total Liab & Equity	25,253,966	25,765,367	27,245,851	27,699,815
Parales (oh ann (Φ)	4 044 00	4 700 05	4 077 07	4 000 07
Book Value / Share (\$)	1,611.90			1,823.67
Reserves / Investments & Cash (x)	NA	NA	NA	NA
Reserves / Liabilities (x)	0.79	0.82	0.83	0.87
Reserves / Equity (x)	5.03	4.84	4.73	5.69
Debt / Equity (x)	0.58	0.49	0.36	0.21
Dec. 31 Closing Price (\$)	1,650.00	1,755.00	2,376.00	2,547.00
Net Income (\$)	261.838	161,837	410,414	349,630
Basic EPS (\$)	123.25	77.38	204.49	187.34
Investment Yield (%)	NA	NA	NA NA	NA
Ratios (%)				
Loss Ratio	65.20	57.40	57.50	62.00
Expense Ratio	30.80	30.80	31.90	31.70
PH Dividend Ratio	<u>0.00</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>0.00</u>
Combined Ratio	96.00	88.20	89.40	93.70

E&S INSURER FINANCIAL SUMMARY – SUMMARY REPORT

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HISTORY

Houston Casualty Company (Houston Casualty) was incorporated in the State of Texas in December 1981, as International Indemnity Company of Texas, a subsidiary of Houston Casualty Insurance Holdings, Inc. (HCH). The company adopted its current name in May 1983. HCH was acquired by Tokyo Marine Holdings, Inc. (Tokyo Marine) in 2015, and the group rebranded themselves in the United States as Tokyo Marine HCC. Financial and operations control of the company remain with Tokyo Marine HCC and ultimately Tokyo Marine. The company has been eligible to write surplus lines business in New York since December 21, 1994. As of December 31, 2023, Houston Casualty is licensed in Texas and operated on a non-admitted basis in all fifty (50) states, the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands and Northern Mariana Islands.

REINSURANCE

Houston Casualty reinsurance was with a diverse group of both U.S. and non U.S. unaffiliated reinsurers. The company limits its net retained exposure from any one risk or event through the use of reinsurance. It maintains reinsurance for various lines on a proportional, excess of loss and facultative basis. For the years 2020 through 2023, respectively Houston Casualty net reinsurance recoverable were shown as \$1.4bn, \$1.2bn, \$1.2bn and \$893M, representing 68%, 57% 56% and 36% of company surplus.

HOLDING COMPANY

Founded in 1879, as Tokyo Marine Insurance, in Tokyo, Japan, it is the oldest insurance company in Japan. The company now known as Tokyo Marine Holdings, Inc. is engaged in the businesses of personal and commercial property and casualty insurance, life insurance, health insurance, finance, investment management and general consulting and risk management businesses related to insurance. AM Best collectively rates eight (8) insurance subsidiaries of the Houston Casualty Ins. Holdings group, including Houston Casualty Insurance Company. For the years 2020 through 2023 AM Best/S&P rated the group 'A++'/A+. The group was assigned the financial size of XV (\$2bn - >).

SUBSEQUENT NOTEWORTHY OBSERVATIONS

Last revised: May 2024

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Please see "Understanding Best's Credit Ratings" at http://www.ambest.com/ratings for rating disclosures related to the use and limitations of Best's Credit Rating, and for additional information regarding the development of a Best's Credit Rating, and other rating-related information and definitions. Best's Credit Ratings® reproduced herein appear under license from A.M. Best and do not constitute, either expressly or impliedly, an endorsement of ELANY or its recommendations, formulas, criteria or comparisons to any other ratings, rating scales or rating organizations which are published or referenced herein. A.M. Best is not responsible for transcription errors made in presenting Best's Credit Ratings®. Best's Credit Ratings® are proprietary and may not be reproduced or distributed without the express written permission of A.M. Best Company.

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E&S INSURER FINANCIAL SUMMARY - DEFINITIONS

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Financial Term	Definition
2y Dev/Surplus (IRIS #12)	Reflects the magnitude of two years of loss reserve development in relation to prior reported surplus. A positive ratio indicates the portion of reserves that may have been underestimated in prior years in relation to prior year's surplus. A negative ratio indicates the portion of reserves that may have been overestimated in prior years in relation to prior year's surplus.
2yr Res Development	The two-year increase or decrease in loss and loss adjustment expenses as a result of the re- estimation of reserves. A positive number indicates that reserves may have been underestimated in prior years. A negative number indicates that reserves may have been overestimated in prior years.
Affiliated Common Stock	The amount of common stock owned by the insurer that represents investments in affiliates or subsidiaries.
Affiliated CS / Surplus	The percentage of surplus that is comprised of investments in affiliates or subsidiaries.
AMB / S&P Ratings	Financial strength ratings from AM Best Company and Standard & Poor's.1
Cash & Invested Assets	Bonds, stocks, mortgage loans on real estate, real estate, cash related investments, contract loans, invested assets, write-ins and receivable for securities.
Cash & Invested Assets/Total Assets	A measure of liquidity that indicates the portion of assets held in cash or marketable securities.
Combined Ratio	A measure of overall underwriting profitability. It is the sum of the loss and expense ratios. A combined ratio of less than 100% indicates an underwriting profit.
Dividends to Stockholders	Distribution of earnings to stockholders paid in the form of money, stock, scrip, etc. The amount is decided by the board of directors.
DPW – Direct Premiums Written	Premiums written including gross premiums booked, adjusted for additional or return premiums, on policies where the company is the primary or direct carrier, as it relates to a specific line of business.
Expense Ratio	The ratio of underwriting expenses to net premiums written. The ratio represents the percentage of net premiums written that went toward underwriting expenses, such as commissions to agents and brokers, state and municipal taxes, salaries, employee benefits and other operating costs.
Gross Premiums	The total premium written and assumed by an insurer before deductions for reinsurance.
Loss & LAE Reserves	The estimated liability for unpaid insurance claims that have occurred as of a given evaluation date. Usually includes losses incurred but not reported (IBNR), losses due but not yet paid, and amounts not yet due. For individual claims, the loss reserve is the estimate of what will ultimately be paid out on that claim.
Loss & LAE Reserves/Surplus	Loss and loss adjustment expense reserves as a percentage of policyholders' surplus. The higher the value, the greater the insurer's reserve leverage and the greater the financial pressure on surplus.
Loss Ratio	The ratio of incurred losses and loss adjustment expenses to net premiums earned. A measure of the underlying profitability, or loss experience, of a total book of business.
Net Cash from Operations	Indicates net cash generated from insurance operations, including underwriting and investment activities, after accounting for dividends and taxes paid.
Net Income	The total after-tax earnings generated from operations as reported in the insurance company's statutory annual statement.
Net Investment Result	The return received by insurers from their investment portfolios including interest, dividends and realized capital gains/losses on stocks.
Net Premiums Earned	The portion of net premiums written that the policyholder has already paid and for which the insurance company has already afforded coverage.
Net Premiums Written	Represents gross premium written less reinsurance ceded.

E&S INSURER FINANCIAL SUMMARY - DEFINITIONS

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Financial Term	Definition
Net Reins Rec / Surplus	Measures the dependence on reinsurers and potential exposure to adjustments on such reinsurance as a percentage of surplus.
Net Reins Recoverable	The total ceded reinsurance recoverables due for paid losses, unpaid losses, losses incurred but not reported (IBNR), unearned premiums and commissions less funds held from reinsurers.
Net Underwriting Results	Net premiums earned less incurred losses, loss adjustment expenses, and underwriting expenses incurred.
PH Div Ratio	A return of premium to policyholders based upon financial results of the company and lower-than-expected claims. Usually paid by mutual companies
Policyholder Surplus	The difference between total admitted assets and total liabilities. It also is the sum of paid in capital, paid in and contributed surplus, and net earned surplus, including voluntary contingency reserves. As of January 1, 2019, the minimum policyholder surplus requirement for eligible insurers in New York is \$47 million.
RBC Ratio (%)	This ratio identifies the insurers that are inadequately capitalized by dividing total adjusted capital by the minimum amount of capital that regulatory authorities feel is necessary to support their operations and investments.
	A ratio of 200% or more results in "no action" from regulators. However, insurers whose ratio is between 200% and 300% may be subject to the Property/Casualty trend test, which will trigger a "Company Action Level" event if the insurer's combined ratio is greater than 120%.
	A ratio of 150% to 200% results in a "Company Action Level", under which the insurer must prepare a report to the regulator outlining a comprehensive action plan that identifies the conditions that contributed to their current financial condition as well as remediation plans.
	A ratio of 100% to 150% results in a "Regulatory Action Level". In addition to the insurer filing an action plan, the state insurance commissioner is required to perform any examinations or analyses that he or she deems necessary and issue appropriate corrective orders to address the insurer's financial problems.
	A ratio below 100% triggers an "Authorized Control Level" or "Mandatory Control Level", under which the regulator can take steps to place the insurer under its control.
Total Assets	Assets that are permitted by state law to be included in the company's financial statements. Admitted assets generally include assets that are liquid and whose value can be objectively assessed, or receivables that can reasonably be expected to be paid.
Total Liabilities	A summation of all company obligations recognized on the balance sheet. This includes provisions for loss and unearned premium reserves, commissions payable and other balances due.

¹ AM Best - A Best's Financial Strength Rating is an independent opinion of an insurer's financial strength and ability to meet its ongoing insurance policy and contract obligations It is not a warranty of a company's financial strength and ability to meet its obligations to policyholders. "View our "Guide Best's Credit Ratings" for rating disclosures related to the use and limitations of Best's Credit Rating, and for additional information regarding the development of a Best's Credit Rating, and other rating-related information and definitions. https://web.ambest.com/home

¹S&P - Please see "Intro to Credit Ratings" at http://www.spglobal.com/understandingratings to learn more.